

**Wildflower A-Z**

Common Name	Latin Name( <i>italics</i> )	A/P *	Colour/Description	Height	Flowering Time	Preferred Conditions	Additional Information
Agrimony	<i>Agrimonia Eupatoria</i>	P	Decorative leaves with spikes of yellow flowers.	30-60cm	June-Sept	Will grow in a variety of base rich and neutral soils, and will be found in hedge banks, open grassland and meadows.	Attracts bees/wild birds
Autumn Hawkbit	<i>Scorzoneroides autumnalis - (Leontodon autumnalis)</i>	P	Yellow dandelion-like plant with a branched stem.	15-30cm	July-Oct	It will tolerate a range of soils but will prefer moist grassland.	The plant is sometimes called Fall Dandelion, because it is very similar to the common dandelion
Bee Orchid	<i>Ophrys apifera</i>	P	Cream or yellow, furry humps, backed with three broad pink sepals	15-50cm	May-July	Prefers chalk/limestone calcareous soil and will be found in grassland, scrub and dunes.	The plant resembles the bumblebee with its cream/yellow markings, furry humps surrounded by greenish brownish petals that looks like the bees antennae.
Betony	<i>Betonica officinalis - (Stachys officinalis)</i>	P	Reddish or Purple flower straight upright with attractive leaves	30-60cm	June-Onwards	Will tolerate damp conditions, but not water logged sites. And will be found on unfertile soil on lightly grazed pastures.	Attracts bees
Birdsfoot Trefoil	<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	P	A yellow flower that grows a larger head than birdsfoot trefoil.	Up to 30cm	June-Aug	This plant is intolerant to high levels of nitrogen, and will be absent from damp or acidic soil.	
Black Medick	<i>Medicago lupulina</i>	A	Numerous small oval headed yellow flowers in tight bunches only a few millimetres in diameter.	40-50cm	May-Oct	Hay meadows, footpath edges, waste ground.	Annual but can be persistent to the level of a bi-annual.
Bladder Campion	<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	P	Large balloon-shaped swellings surrounded by its five white-petals that form the flower head.	40-80cm	May-Sept	Grassland/Roadside. Most well drained soil.	
Bluebell	<i>Hyacinthoides non-scripta</i>	P	A Fragrant blue/violet flower that favours the shade.	30-60cm	April-June	Requires light shade and will be found in woodland areas.	
Bugloss	<i>Anchusa arvensis</i>	A	The wavy-edged lanceolate leaves have swollen bases and are covered with stiff hairs	50cm	April-Sept	Fields, well drained soil, sandy heaths, dunes and waste ground	
Bulbous Buttercup	<i>Ranunculus bulbosus</i>	P	Bulbous glossy yellow flower,	30-45cm	Mar-June	Free draining soil and access to lots of sunlight.	
Burnet-saxifrage	<i>Pimpinella saxifraga</i>	P	Small white flower in levelled clusters on a singular stem from a base sheath.	20-50cm	May-Sept	Dry meadows pastures and woodland edges.	
Carline Thistle	<i>Carlina vulgaris</i>	P	Short stiff spiny plant with a brownish flower head.	10-50cm	July-August	Dry meadows and roadside verges.	Once flowering biennial herb, the dead plant resembles the living so can be found as long as winter.
Catsear	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	P	A rich yellow flower with a dandelion head	30-45cm	May-Sept	Meadow sun/part shade	

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Clustered Bellflower	<i>Campanula glomerata</i>	P	Crimson stem with a blue/purple bell shaped flower	20-60cm	June-Sept	Forests, dry grasslands, forests and scrub land.	
Columbine	<i>Aquilegia vulgaris</i>	P	Purple/blue flowers of five petals and bright green leaves in threes	100cm	May-July	Damp soil, cliffs, meadows and wasteland	
Common Fleabane	<i>Pulicaria dysenterica</i>	P	Yellow flower that is distinctly downy, and consists of 3cm diameter flower heads.	100cm	August-Sept	Water meadows, fens, damp conditions, riversides lakes and ponds	
Common Knapweed	<i>Centaurea nigra</i>	P	Thistle like flower that is purple but occasionally white, and sits high off the ground.	30-60cm	June-Sept	Sun and well drained soil	
Common Meadow-rue	<i>Thalictrum flavum</i>	P	Numerous creamy yellow stemans, leaves divided into four darkish green leaflets.	100cm	July-Sept	Fens, damp conditions, riversides lakes and ponds	
Common Poppy	<i>Papaver rhoeas</i>	A	Scarlet flower heads, a very common popular wild flower.	30-60cm	June-Onwards		
Common Rock-rose	<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i>		It can be found in a range of colours, with a flower of five petals and numerous stems.		May-Sept	Needs rich soil	
Common Sorrel	<i>Rumex acetosa</i>	P	Reddish pink flowers, arrow shaped leaves.	15-60cm	May-Aug	Sun and well drained soil	
Common Spotted-orchid	<i>Dactylorhiza fuchsii</i>	P	An attractive plant with a spire of pale pink, two lipped flowers lined and blotched with dark purple.	15-60cm	June-Aug	Grassland, woodland, marsh, fens or chalk land.	The most common and familiar wild orchid thrives in unmanaged habitats.
Common Toadflax	<i>Linaria vulgaris</i>	P	A plant with a wide spread that has yellow/orange flower surrounded by a white petal.	30-60cm	July Onward	Meadows or hedgerows, Sun and light shade	
Common Vetch	<i>Vicia sativa ssp. segetalis</i>	P	Numerous pink/purple flowers usually in pairs and leaves consist of many leaflets.	Up to 45cm	June-Sept	Prefers dry/sandy soil on neglected grassland.	It belongs to one of the most widespread sub species in England.
Corky-fruited Water-dropwort	<i>Oenanthe pimpinelloides</i>	P	A member of the carrot family, its flower head consists of a cluster of small white petals.	Up to 100cm	June-Aug	Found in hay meadows and pastures, prefers acidic soil.	Although it grows in hay meadows and grazed land it should be pointed out that this species is poisonous.
Corn Buttercup	<i>Ranunculus arvensis</i>	P	Very similar to the Meadow Buttercup, a glossy yellow colour with a small flower.	25-50cm	April-July	Requires a damp moist bare ground that is non acidic.	
Corn Chamomile	<i>Anthemis arvensis</i>	A	A white daisy like head with a pleasant fragrance, yellow centre surrounded by small white petals.	Up to 30cm	May-July	Grows on the borders of cereal crops, prefers light calcareous soil.	Quickly becoming scarce due to the use of herbicide on crops.
Corn Cockle	<i>Agrostemma githago</i>	A	A soft and hairy plant with a beautiful reddish/purple flower	60-120cm	June-Aug	Can tolerate a range of soil types and found around cereal crops.	Due to the use of herbicide the plant is almost extinct in the wild.
Corn Marigold	<i>Glebionis segetum - (Chrysanthemum segetum)</i>	A	A Beautiful big yellow flower with white tip petals in a similar style to the daisy.	Up to 80cm	June-Oct	Tolerant to a range of soils, but has a preference of light acidic soil.	

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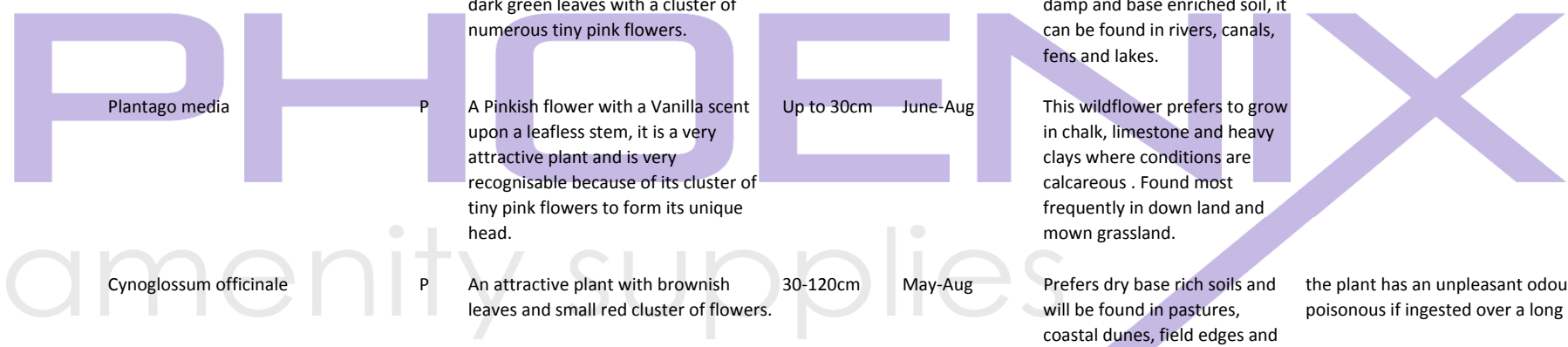
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Cornflower	<i>Centaurea cyanus</i>	A	In Various Colour forms and has a vibrant flower and a common member of the daisy family.	30-60cm	June-Aug	Grows well from Spring and prefers clay like soil types.	
Cow Parsley	<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	P	White flower resembling lace, with sharply cut pinate leaves.	30-90cm	April-June	Tolerant to wet or dry soils, found on woodland edges and neglected pastures.	
Cowslip	<i>Primula veris</i>	P	Scented yellow/orange flower clustered in a long leafless stem	15-30cm	April-May	Thrives in moist draining soil, usually around grassland.	
Crosswort	<i>Cruciata laevipes</i>	P	Un-stalked leaves with pale yellow flowers clustered in fours clustered around the stem.	15-70cm	April-June	Moderately drained neutral soil or calcareous soil.	
Dandelion	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	P	A Yellow flower consisting of a rosette of deeply lobed toothed petals	5-45cm	April-May	Found in a wide range of habitats and tolerant to many types of soil.	
Dark Mullein	<i>Verbascum nigrum</i>	P	Tall biennial with rich yellow flowers and hairy leaves	60-90cm	Aug-Sept	Loves well drained slightly alkaline soil.	
Devil's-bit Scabious	<i>Succisa pratensis</i>	P	A round purple pincushion like flower with a hairy green stem.	50-100cm	July-Oct	Thrives in dry or moist conditions and chalky acidic soil.	
Dropwort	<i>Filipendula vulgaris</i>	P	Fern like leaves and a cluster of white/pink flowers.	60-90cm	May-Aug	Chalk or limestone heathers.	
Dyer's Greenweed	<i>Genista tinctoria</i>	P	A Shrub like member of the pea family, it has round stems and a rich yellow flower.	10-50cm	June-Aug	Found in pastures, meadows and road sides.	
Fairy Flax	<i>Linum catharticum</i>	P	A Bright white flower with a yellow centre consisting of 5 petals, it is a biennial that occasionally is an annual.	30-60cm	June-Sept	Flourishes in neutral or mildly acidic soil.	
Field Forget-me-not	<i>Myosotis arvensis</i>	A	Blue/pink flowers standing upright on a hairy stem.	7-25cm	April Onwards	Sun and well drained soil.	
Field Penny-cress	<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>	A	Member of the gabbage family and has white flowers at the top of branched stems.	20-60cm	May-July	Found in rich soil and wasteland.	
Field Scabious	<i>Knautia arvensis</i>	P	Flower like head with blue/violet flowers, each flower consists of four petal lobes.	25-100cm	June-Oct	Dry and well drained calcareous grassland, can be found on chalk or lime stone meadow.	
Foxglove	<i>Digitalis purpurea</i>	P	Pink/Purple bell like flowers on tall un-branched spikes.	60-150cm	June-Sept	Prefers sun or light shade in well drained soil.	
Fritillary	<i>Fritillaria meleagris</i>	P	A dark purple large hanging bell like flower chequered with light purple, unlike any other flower.	15-40cm	April-May	Flourishes in damp conditions in hay meadows.	

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Garlic Mustard	<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>	P	A greyish flower, with short board petals surrounded by yellowish brown discs.	25-50cm	July-Sept	Grassland, marshes and damp soil, prefers non calcareous soil.	
Gladdon	<i>Iris foetidissima</i>	P	A Purple/Grey flower with long hanging petals, also well known for its large seed pod that splits in autumn to reveal bright orange berries.	40-70cm	June-July	Grows in shady woodland, hedgerows and prefers dampish areas with neutral soil, dislikes acidic soil.	Also less attractively known as Stinking Iris.
Goat's-beard	<i>Tragopogon pratensis</i>	P	A very common plant with Yellow dandelion flowers which get replaced by large seed heads.	30-100cm	June Onward	Tall grass, road verges and meadows, it can tolerate intensely managed habitats.	
Grass Vetchling	<i>Lathyrus nissolia</i>	A	Flowers a pink/purple flower with only one or two heads, usually mistaken for a grass stem. Also known as Grass Pea.	40-60cm	May-July	Loves chalky or clay soil, in grassy banks, meadows or woodland areas.	
Great Burnet	<i>Sanguisorba officinalis</i>	P	A Tall plant and burgundy coloured oval like flower heads upon small branched green stems.	Up to 100cm	June-July	Flourished in neutral or peaty soils, it can grow in dry conditions but commonly in damp marshland areas.	Looks a lot like the Salad Burnet but leaves no cucumber fragrance when crushed.
Great Mullein	<i>Verbascum thapsus</i>	P	Taller than Dark Mullien, contains spires or bright yellow flower, each flower has five spreading lobes.	Up to 200cm	June-Aug	Prefers rough dry wasteland, commonly found in road side verges.	Has the potential to grow up to 200cm tall.
Greater Birdsfoot Trefoil	<i>Lotus pedunculatus</i>	P	A Larger plant the Birdsfoot Trefoil with a greater yellow head and a hollow stem.	Up to 30cm	June-Aug	Loves damp grassland areas such as marshland, ponds and river banks with a slight preference to acidic soil.	
Greater Burnet-saxifrage	<i>Pimpinella major</i>	P	A taller plant than the burnet-saxifrage with white a cluster of white flowers which occasionally can be pink.	Up to 100cm	July-Sept	Prefers chalk or limestone soils and will occasionally be found in clay like ground. Can be found on roads sides and hedge banks.	
Greater Knapweed	<i>Centaurea scabiosa</i>	P	With a large purple thistle like flower head it greatly resembles the common knapweed.	30-60cm	July-Sept	Can be found in a variety of dry calcareous soil and prefers meadows and pastures but may be found on woodland edges and scub land.	An important food source for insects and especially attractive to butterflies
Gypsywort	<i>Lycopus europaeus</i>	P	Toothed leaves with an un-stalked white flower with red spots on the lower petals, this flower is odourless.	50-100cm	July-Sept	Requires wet or damp soil conditions found on the banks of rivers, streams, lakes, ditches and fens	

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Hairy Bittercress	<i>Cardamine hirsuta</i>	A	Dark green leaves with a short stem and small white upright flowers in which develop into narrow pods.	Up to 30cm	Feb-Nov	Requires well drained calcareous soil and is very common to cultivated land.	
Harebell	<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i>	P	Also known as Scottish Bluebell this common attractive plant has a noticeable nodding pale blue flower sitting upon a thick hairless stem.	15-45cm	July Onward	This plant will live in calcareous and mildly acidic soil and will prefer infertile dry open grasslands, road verges and rocky ledges.	
Hedge Bedstraw	<i>Galium album - (Galium mollugo)</i>	P	Similar to other Bedstraws, this plant has a square stem with undivided leaves and clusters of small white flowers of four petals.	Up to 150cm	July Onward	Prefers well drained calcareous soil and found in rough grassland, hedge banks and woodland edges.	
Hedge Woundwort	<i>Stachys sylvatica</i>	P	A Purple hairy stem with dark green leaves and a pink/purple flower this plant releases a potent fragrance when crushed.	Up to 80cm	June-Oct	Moist fertile soil and light shade is the preference of this plant and will mostly be found in verges, hedgebanks and river banks.	
Hemp Agrimony	<i>Eupatorium cannabinum</i>	P	An attractive plant with a red stem and dark green leaves with a cluster of numerous tiny pink flowers.	Up to 150cm	July -Sept	This plant loves habitats of damp and base enriched soil, it can be found in rivers, canals, fens and lakes.	
Hoary Plantain	<i>Plantago media</i>	P	A Pinkish flower with a Vanilla scent upon a leafless stem, it is a very attractive plant and is very recognisable because of its cluster of tiny pink flowers to form its unique head.	Up to 30cm	June-Aug	This wildflower prefers to grow in chalk, limestone and heavy clays where conditions are calcareous . Found most frequently in down land and mown grassland.	
Houndstongue	<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i>	P	An attractive plant with brownish leaves and small red cluster of flowers.	30-120cm	May-Aug	Prefers dry base rich soils and will be found in pastures, coastal dunes, field edges and waste land	the plant has an unpleasant odour that is poisonous if ingested over a long period of time.
Kidney Vetch	<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i>	P	A clustered flower head of tiny pale yellow flowers and pinnate leaves , this flower can range from orange to crimson on occasion.	5-40cm	June-Sept	This plant likes free draining chalk and limestone soils, found on grassland and near the sea on sand dunes and shingle.	
Lady's Bedstraw	<i>Galium verum</i>	P	Most like other Bedstraw this plant has a square stem and undivided leaves with small clusters of yellow flowers.	60-120cm	June-Sept	Flourishes in neutral calcareous soils and will be found in meadows, pastures and dunes.	Once cut this plant produces the scent of new mown hay.



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Large Thyme	<i>Thymus pulegioides</i>	P	This flower produces a nice scent and has a long creeping stem, the flower of the plant has a cluster of tiny pink flowers.	5-25cm	June-Sept	This plant might fail in more competitive environments and will thrive in shorter open grassland.	This plant is a favourite of bees and will attract many insects.
Lesser Burdock	<i>Arctium minus</i>	P	This very tall plant has properties of a broad leaves and a hollow stem, the flower is a cluster of short stemmed purple egg shaped flowers with hooked bristles.	Up to 150cm	July-Sept	This plant found near woodland edges and clearings but will not tolerate concentrated shade, you might also find it in hedgerows and wasteland.	
Lesser Stitchwort	<i>Stellaria graminea</i>	P	A creeping plant with long narrow white leaves around an orange/yellow centre, this flower is only around 10mm in diameter.	25-60cm	May-Aug	Prefers free draining soil or damp condition with a acidic or neutral PH. It is found in meadows and woodland heaths.	
Lesser Teasel	<i>Dipsacus pilosus</i>	P	This biennial has spherical prickly flower head which is whitish/green coated in woolly spines.	60-150cm	July-Aug	This wildflower will live in damp calcareous soils in woodland edges and clearing, and can be found on the banks of streams.	
Marsh Bedstraw	<i>Galium palustre</i>	P	As part of the Bedstraw family it comes with similar traits such as the cluster of flowers, in this case white, but can be noticed by its lack of bristle tip leaves.	Up to 50cm	June-Aug	This plant can be found in Wet meadows, marshes, fens, and pond edges, it prefers more acidic soils.	
Marsh Marigold	<i>Caltha palustris</i>	P	With the appearance of a large buttercup this flower has multiple glossy yellow petals and glossy dark green leaves with long stalks.	25-50cm	Mar-Aug	Prefers alkaline or neutral soils and will not tolerate acidic soil, and can be found on the edge of rivers, ponds and lakes.	
Meadow Buttercup	<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	P	The tallest of the buttercup family the flower has glossy yellow petals and long green stalks.	30-90cm	April-Oct	Found in cut grassland and meadows, it prefers moist soils.	
Meadow Cranesbill	<i>Geranium pratense</i>	P	A reasonably tall plant with a long hairy reddish stem with a blue-violet flower made up of 5 petals. Can mostly be found with pairs of flower heads.	60-100cm	June-Sept	This wildflower prefers damp soil conditions and can be found in rough grassland, stream sides and damp hay meadows.	
Meadow Saxifrage	<i>Saxifraga granulata</i>	P	Found in short or cut grassland this plant similar to other saxifrage has clusters of white flowers with yellow stamens.	15-30cm	April-June	This plant prefers moist well drained base soil that is neutral. It can be found in well grazed grasslands and meadows.	

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Meadow Vetchling	<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	P	A Bright yellow flower consisting of a two to three of yellow upturned petals upon long green stem.	50-100cm	May-Aug	likes moderately fertile soils and can be found in meadows, hedges and lightly grazed pastures	
Meadowsweet	<i>Filipendula ulmaria</i>	P	The flower has a sweet fragrance and the flower itself is a cluster of pretty white flowers.	100-200cm	June-Sept	Meadowsweet likes calcareous soil that is neutral and moderately fertile, and prefers fluctuating water level.	
Melancholy Thistle	<i>Cirsium heterophyllum</i>	P	A Pinkish flower with a large purple spiny head and woolly stem and hairless leaves.	45-120cm	July-Aug	This plant prefers damp or moist soil and can be found on damp verges and woodland edges.	
Milk-parsley	<i>Thyselium palustre</i> - ( <i>Peucedanum palustre</i> )	P	Another member of the carrot family this biennial has a large cluster of white flowers upon a stem that carries pinnate leaves divided into leaflets.	N/A	July-Sept	Milk Parsley prefers to grow in damp ground that where it is common to flood annually. This plant will not like to grow in grazed land.	
Mousetail	<i>Myosurus minimus</i>	A	An entirely green plant that doesn't elevate very high above the ground, its flower resembles a long finger surrounded by a rosette or yellow/green petals from a single stem.	15cm	April-May	A plant that prefers nutrient rich soil that is common to flood every season.	
Musk Mallow	<i>Malva moschata</i>	P	A reasonably tall plant with a pink flower in a rosette or petals with deeply cut leaves.	Up to 80cm	June-Aug	This plant likes open grassland and well drained soil, it can be found in hedge banks, road sides, and wasteland.	
Nettle-leaved Bellflower	<i>Campanula trachelium</i>	P	The name of this plant describes the plant adequately, an attractive blue/purple bell shaped flower with stinging nettle leaves.	40-80cm	June-Sept	Prefers dry calcareous soil and can be found in woodland, scabby grassland and hedge banks.	
Night-flowering Catchfly	<i>Silene noctiflora</i>	A	A plant covered in sticky hairs and notched petals, the flower is a white/pink with a yellow/white on the bottom which rolls in the day to reveal the yellow/white underside.	75-80cm	July-Sept	The Night-flowering catchfly likes dry sandy and calcareous soil.	
Oxeye Daisy	<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	P	The largest of the Daisy family this plant directly resembles the plant with its white petals surrounding a yellow centre.	Up to 60cm	May-Sept	Grows well in well drained and neutral base rich soils, but this plant will be absent from over wet sites.	



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Oxlip	<i>Primula elatior</i>	P	This plant resembles cowslip, it has big yellow bowing petals upon a hairy yellow/green stem.	Up to 30cm	April-May	This plant is very specific in its requirements, chalky clay and areas that are annually waterlogged, and found in specific woodland of Oak, Ash, Maple and hazel.	
Pale Flax	<i>Linum bienne</i>	P	This biennial similar to the cultivated flax but has a much thinner stem and a slightly pale lilac flower.	Up to 60cm	May-Sept	Lives in grassland and scrub, usually close to the sea, it prefers south facing slopes and dry soil.	
Pepper Saxifrage	<i>Silaum silaus</i>	P	This plant has a peppery taste and a member of the carrot family, so similarly it has a cluster of very small flowers and leaflets.	20-60cm	N/A	This plant prefers damp clay like soil. Found in places such as water meadows and lightly grazed land.	
Perforate St John's Wort	<i>Hypericum perforatum</i>	P	St John's wort has golden yellow flowers from a hairless stem, the yellow flower will commonly have black dots along the edge of the petals.	Up to 100cm	April-July	St John's wort favours calcareous soil and can be found in open woodland, hedge banks and roadside verges.	
Pheasant's-eye	<i>Adonis annua</i>	A	This flower has large dark red petals with a central cluster of black/brown anthers, it also has bright green leaves and a branched stem.	Up to 50cm	June-July	Prefers chalky or limestone ground and is effected badly by soils high in nitrogen fertilizer.	This is a Rare plant and now only found in small populations.
Pignut	<i>Conopodium majus</i>	P	Another member of the carrot family this hairless plant has a cluster of very small flowers with a branched stem and pinnate leaves.	up to 100cm	May-July	Found in damp meadows and woodland areas, this wild flower can withstand shade very easily.	
Primrose	<i>Primula vulgaris</i>	P	Pale yellow/white flowers with a full yellow centre and large elliptical petals, this plant occasionally flowers earlier in the year.	10-30cm	Mar-May	Primrose likes shaded locations such as woodlands and north facing banks, it prefers dampish and heavy clay soils.	
Purple Loosestrife	<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>	P	This plant has a square hairy stem with a long red/purple spikey flower, and willow like leaves.	100-150cm	June-Aug	Prefers wet and occasionally flooded land, and non acidic fertile soil.	
Pyramidal Orchid	<i>Anacamptis pyramidalis</i>	P	As the common name suggests, the flower of this plant resembles a pyramid, it has a pink/purple flower head and a yellow/green stem. Sometimes this flower can be white.	Up to 25cm	June-Aug	This orchid prefers well drained, calcareous soil and most often found in long grassland and scrubby areas.	



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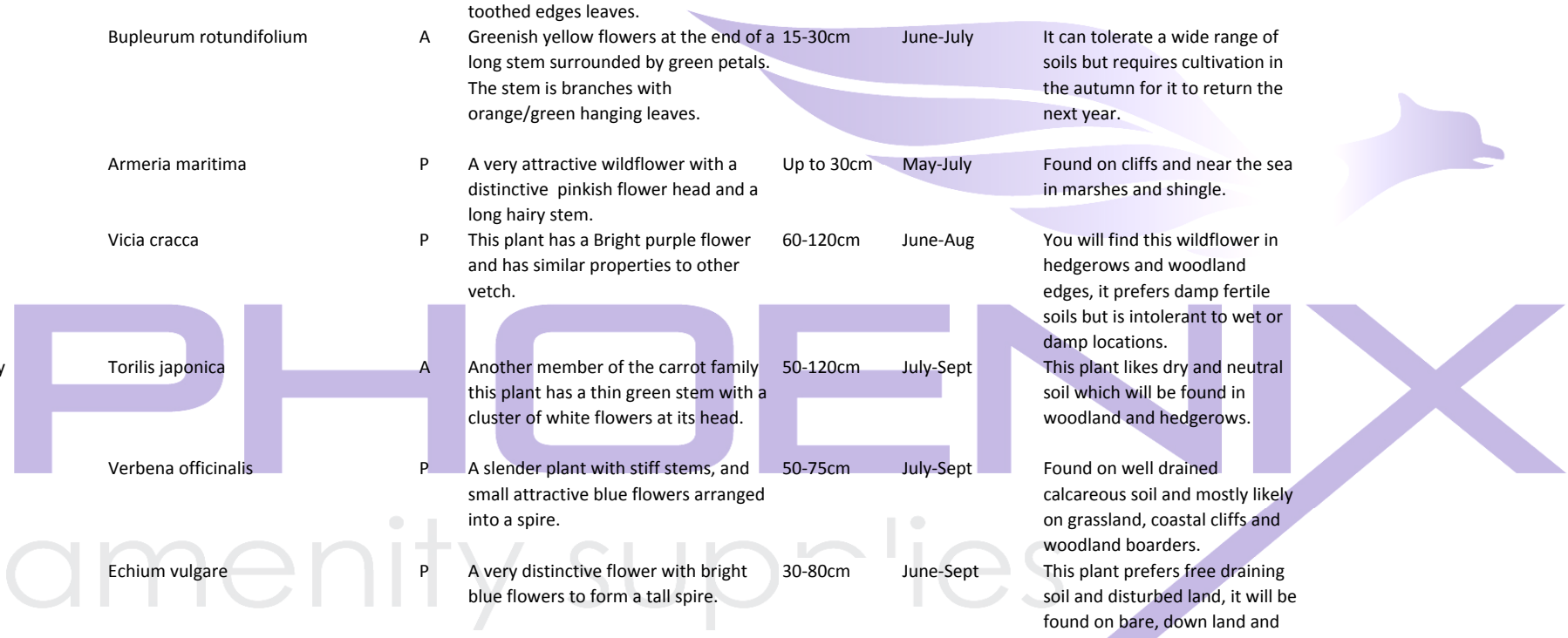
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Ragged Robin	<i>Silene flos-cuculi - (Lychnis flos-cuculi)</i>	P	This flower gets its name from its "Raggedy" red/pink petals that surround a red centre. Its petals are non uniform and quite unique to a wild flower.	30-60cm	May-July	This plant thrives in wetland and can be found in most damp grassland locations such as water meadows and rush pastures.	
Ramsons	<i>Allium ursinum</i>	P	In common with the onion family this plant has a star-like flower clustered into a rounded bunch, it gives off a garlic smell when crushed	10-50cm	April-June	Ramsons likes very well drained soil that is base-rich, the flower can be found in hedge banks and rocky crevices.	
Red Campion	<i>Silene dioica</i>	P	A Light pink flower consisting of 5 split petals with an interesting red stem. This flower blooms as bluebells fade.	30-90cm	Mar-Nov	Prefers light shade such as areas of woodland and in hedgerows.	
Red Dead-nettle	<i>Lamium purpureum</i>	A	Dead nettles can be recognised by their square stem and a flower sheltered by encompassing leaves. This particular flower is usually a dark pink rather than a red and has heart shaped leaves.	5-20cm	Mar-Oct	Commonly found in gardens this plant favours cultivated land and disturbed soil.	This particular flower attracts ant which carry the seeds of the flower.
Ribwort Plantain	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	P	This wildflower has a leafless stem and the flower itself is a cluster of little flowers to form a spike shape, the flower can ranger from white to pink.	10-40cm	May-Aug	This plant favours chalk or limestone and heavy clay calcareous soil, mostly found on down land and within hay meadows.	
Rough Chervil	<i>Chaerophyllum temulum</i>	P	Similar to Cow Parsley, but can easily be identified by its rough to the touch stem, covered in purple blotches, this plant is favoured by insects.	N/A	May-July	Favourably this plant will live in full sun but will tolerate light shade, it can be found around woodland edges and verges.	
Rough Hawkbit	<i>Leontodon hispidus</i>	P	Similar looking to the dandelion this flower has a floret of glossy yellow/orange petals and a very hairy stem.	N/A	May-Oct	Prefers dry calcareous soil and will disappear from neglected grassland due to suppressing by larger species. It will be found in hay meadows and rock ledges.	
Round-leaved Fluellen	<i>Kickxia spuria</i>	A	A small plant with a hairy branched, creeping stem with an unusual yellow flower with a purple top.	Up to 15cm	July-Oct	This plant is tolerant to most grassland but will mostly be found on calcareous soil types.	
Sainfoin	<i>Onobrychis viciifolia</i>	P	A pleasantly scented flower and a member of the Pea family this plant has an attractive pink flower which attracts bumblebees.	Up to 40cm	June-Aug	Prefers neglected grassland and chalky soil, found on roadsides, quarries and grass banks.	

**Wildflower A-Z**

Common Name	Latin Name( <i>italics</i> )	A/P *	Colour/Description	Height	Flowering Time	Preferred Conditions	Additional Information
Salad Burnet	<i>Poterium sanguisorba - (Sanguisorba minor)</i>	P	A small plant with a round pink head, pinnate leaves and a red stem, this flower carries the smell of cucumber.	Up to 30cm	May-Aug	This plant will like dry and infertile chalky/limestone soil upon calcareous ground,	This plant grows very slow but will continue to grow into summer where other plants have stopped.
Scented Mayweed	<i>Matricaria chamomilla - (Matricaria recutita)</i>	P	Very similar in appearance to the Daisy, this plant has white petals but with a much larger yellow stamen, it also has hairless divided leaves.	15-60cm	N/A	This plant will commonly be found on all types of wasteland and will thrive on lighter soil but will still grow in heavy clays.	
Sea Campion	<i>Silene uniflora</i>	P	Similar to Bladder Campion, Sea Campion will instead by sound near the sea, it has a small white flower sitting on top of a 'Bladder'-like Calyx.	N/A	May-July	It will tolerate high nutrient levels and it will be found on Off-shore islands and rocky landscapes such as cliff tops.	
Sea Holly	<i>Eryngium maritimum</i>	P	This is a very attractive plant with Blue petals and white/silver veins with a blue teasel-like head and a hairless stem.	20-60cm	June-Sept	Native to the coast and found mainly on sandy dunes but will also be found on Shingle.	
Selfheal	<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	P	This plant can be distinguished by its square creeping stem and green oval leaves, the flower is a red/purple dense oblong head.	Up to 20cm	June Onward	Found in a range of grasslands this plant prefers moderately fertile, neutral, calcareous soil and will appear on roadsides, woodland clearings and meadows.	
Sheep's Sorrel	<i>Rumex acetosella</i>	P	Very similar to common sorrel but Sheep sorrel is smaller and more slender, it has a branched stem and a red flower.	Up to 20cm	May-Aug	Usually found in non calcareous soil It will be found in heaths, dunes and shingle beaches.	
Skullcap	<i>Scutellaria galericulata</i>	P	An attractive bright blue flower with two petals and a square stem with slightly toothed leaves.	20-45cm	June-Sept	Skullcap prefers wet conditions and will be found on river banks, canals, pond sides and rivers.	
Small Scabious	<i>Scabiosa columbaria</i>	P	A pale blue flower in which the flower head is made up of a cluster of small flowers.	Up to 70cm	June-Oct	Prefers dry unfertile, calcareous soil. Can be found in meadows and pastures and chalk/limestone quarries.	
Sneezewort	<i>Achillea ptarmica</i>	P	grey/white petals with a yellowish centre with a slightly hairy stem.	Up to 60cm	July-Sept	The plant prefers wet and slightly acidic soil, it can be found in water meadows and stream banks.	
Spiny Restharrow	<i>Ononis spinosa</i>	P	A tall plant with multiple flowers blooming down the stem, The petals being a dark pink colour and small very small dark green leaves.	N/A	July-Sept	This plant will prefer to grow in well drained Chalk or Limestone Soil, and it will tolerate calcareous clay soil.	

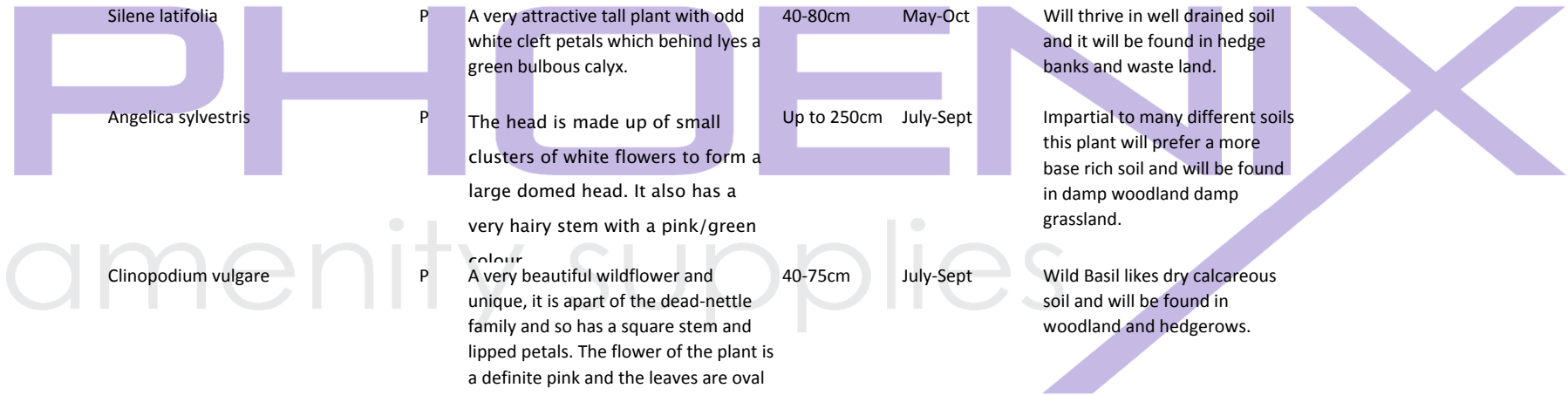
**Wildflower A-Z**

Common Name	Latin Name( <i>italics</i> )	A/P *	Colour/Description	Height	Flowering Time	Preferred Conditions	Additional Information
Square-stalked St John's Wort	<i>Hypericum tetrapterum</i>	P	This plant differs from St John's Wort due to its square stem, hence the name given. It also doesn't have black dots on the leaves, but its bright yellow flower is in common with the St John's Wort.	30-60cm	July-Sept	Prefers wet or damn soil and so will be found in marches and banks of ponds and rivers.	
Tansy	<i>Tanacetum vulgare</i>	P	This flower consists of a cluster of spherical button-like yellow flower heads with a tall green stem and toothed edges leaves.	50-150cm	July-Sept	Requires damp open places such as rivers, marshes and fens.	
Thorow-wax	<i>Bupleurum rotundifolium</i>	A	Greenish yellow flowers at the end of a long stem surrounded by green petals. The stem is branches with orange/green hanging leaves.	15-30cm	June-July	It can tolerate a wide range of soils but requires cultivation in the autumn for it to return the next year.	
Thrift	<i>Armeria maritima</i>	P	A very attractive wildflower with a distinctive pinkish flower head and a long hairy stem.	Up to 30cm	May-July	Found on cliffs and near the sea in marshes and shingle.	
Tufted Vetch	<i>Vicia cracca</i>	P	This plant has a Bright purple flower and has similar properties to other vetch.	60-120cm	June-Aug	You will find this wildflower in hedgerows and woodland edges, it prefers damp fertile soils but is intolerant to wet or damp locations.	
Upright Hedge-parsley	<i>Torilis japonica</i>	A	Another member of the carrot family this plant has a thin green stem with a cluster of white flowers at its head.	50-120cm	July-Sept	This plant likes dry and neutral soil which will be found in woodland and hedgerows.	
Vervain	<i>Verbena officinalis</i>	P	A slender plant with stiff stems, and small attractive blue flowers arranged into a spire.	50-75cm	July-Sept	Found on well drained calcareous soil and mostly likely on grassland, coastal cliffs and woodland borders.	
Viper's Bugloss	<i>Echium vulgare</i>	P	A very distinctive flower with bright blue flowers to form a tall spire.	30-80cm	June-Sept	This plant prefers free draining soil and disturbed land, it will be found on bare, down land and heaths.	
Water Figwort	<i>Scrophularia auriculata</i>	P	A very unique red flower sits upon a square green/brownish stem.	Up to 70cm	June-Sept	It requires soils that are perminantly damp and so found on the sides of rivers, streams and on the edge of wet woodland.	



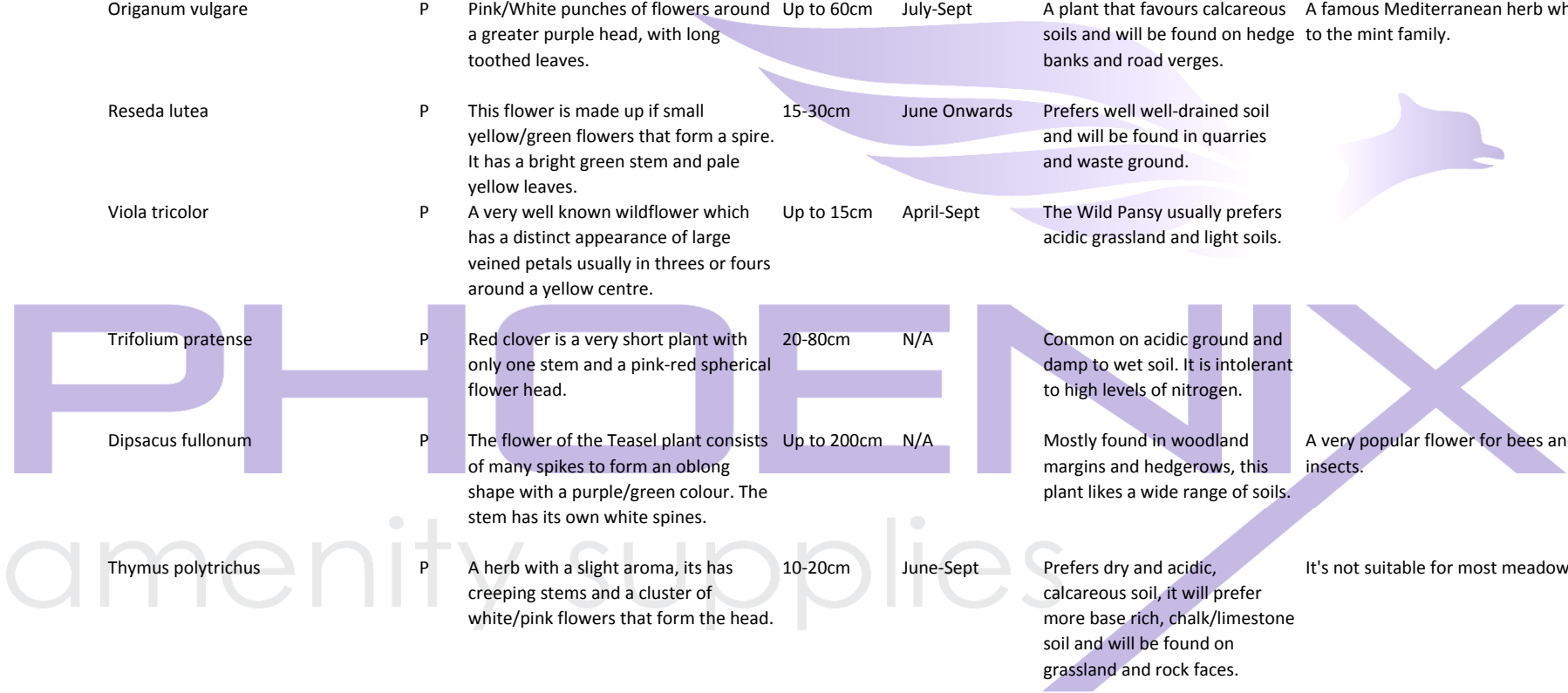
**Wildflower A-Z**

Common Name	Latin Name( <i>italics</i> )	A/P *	Colour/Description	Height	Flowering Time	Preferred Conditions	Additional Information
Water Mint	<i>Mentha aquatic</i>	P	It has the distinctive mint scent and it can be distinguished from other members of the mint family by its large size and its rounded flower heads made up of light blue flowers.	Up to 90cm	July-Sept	This plant prefers wet ground and will be found by areas of water such like rivers, ponds, streams and lakes, it will also be found in marshes and other water logged areas.	
Water-plantain	<i>Alisma plantago-aquatica</i>	P	A small pale purple/white flower upon a bright green branched stem, it has broad leaves sprouting from the base of the plant.	Up to 100cm	June-Aug	Usually found around ponds and in ditches this plant prefers damp soil and areas of changing water level.	
Weasel's-snout	<i>Misopates orontium</i>	A	A very short plant with attractive thin finger like leaves and bright purple flowers similar to the Snapdragon.	N/A	N/A	Prefers light soils and open ground which means it can be found in gardens, but most likely be found in wasteland.	
Weld	<i>Reseda luteola</i>	P	The flower forms a long narrow spike of a yellow/green colour with dark green lanceolate leaves.	60-120cm	June-Sept	This plant will grow on neutral to calcareous soil in areas such as roadsides and quarries.	
White Campion	<i>Silene latifolia</i>	P	A very attractive tall plant with odd white cleft petals which behind lyes a green bulbous calyx.	40-80cm	May-Oct	Will thrive in well drained soil and it will be found in hedge banks and waste land.	
Wild Angelica	<i>Angelica sylvestris</i>	P	The head is made up of small clusters of white flowers to form a large domed head. It also has a very hairy stem with a pink/green colour.	Up to 250cm	July-Sept	Impartial to many different soils this plant will prefer a more base rich soil and will be found in damp woodland damp grassland.	
Wild Basil	<i>Clinopodium vulgare</i>	P	A very beautiful wildflower and unique, it is apart of the dead-nettle family and so has a square stem and lipped petals. The flower of the plant is a definite pink and the leaves are oval and toothed.	40-75cm	July-Sept	Wild Basil likes dry calcareous soil and will be found in woodland and hedgerows.	
Wild Candytuft	<i>Iberis amara</i>	A	Made up of a cluster of many flowers, each flower consisting of 4 large petals and a yellow centre. This plant is usually white but it can different slightly.	Up to 40cm	May-Aug	This plant prefers bare south facing grassland of a chalky variety. It can be found in quarries and wasteland.	This plant may remain dormant under over grown sites, only to come back when the site is bare again.



**Wildflower A-Z**

Common Name	Latin Name( <i>italics</i> )	A/P *	Colour/Description	Height	Flowering Time	Preferred Conditions	Additional Information
Wild Carrot	<i>Daucus carota</i>	P	like most of the carrot family this plant is made up of many small white flowers forming a dome like cluster, that somewhat resembles an umbrella.	Up to 50cm	June-Aug	Wild Carrot prefers sites of ungrazed/lightly grazed short grassland and will be found in waste land and road sides.	
Wild Clary	<i>Salvia verbenaca</i>	P	A purple flower with a hairy stem and the head made from 2 lipped petals around a single lobe.	N/A	July-Oct	Prefers well-drained, base-rich soil and will be found on open grassland and sand dunes in areas of high sun.	
Wild Marjoram	<i>Origanum vulgare</i>	P	Pink/White punches of flowers around a greater purple head, with long toothed leaves.	Up to 60cm	July-Sept	A plant that favours calcareous soils and will be found on hedge banks and road verges.	A famous Mediterranean herb which is related to the mint family.
Wild Mignonette	<i>Reseda lutea</i>	P	This flower is made up if small yellow/green flowers that form a spire. It has a bright green stem and pale yellow leaves.	15-30cm	June Onwards	Prefers well well-drained soil and will be found in quarries and waste ground.	
Wild Pansy	<i>Viola tricolor</i>	P	A very well known wildflower which has a distinct appearance of large veined petals usually in threes or fours around a yellow centre.	Up to 15cm	April-Sept	The Wild Pansy usually prefers acidic grassland and light soils.	
Wild Red Clover	<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	P	Red clover is a very short plant with only one stem and a pink-red spherical flower head.	20-80cm	N/A	Common on acidic ground and damp to wet soil. It is intolerant to high levels of nitrogen.	
Wild Teasel	<i>Dipsacus fullonum</i>	P	The flower of the Teasel plant consists of many spikes to form an oblong shape with a purple/green colour. The stem has its own white spines.	Up to 200cm	N/A	Mostly found in woodland margins and hedgerows, this plant likes a wide range of soils.	A very popular flower for bees and other insects.
Wild Thyme	<i>Thymus polytrichus</i>	P	A herb with a slight aroma, its has creeping stems and a cluster of white/pink flowers that form the head.	10-20cm	June-Sept	Prefers dry and acidic, calcareous soil, it will prefer more base rich, chalk/limestone soil and will be found on grassland and rock faces.	It's not suitable for most meadow areas.
Wood Avens	<i>Geum urbanum</i>	P	A medium height plant with a small flower head consisting of 5 small yellow petals surrounding by green sepals. The flower changes into a reddish bur-like head.	20-60cm	Nov Onwards	This plant likes free draining, mildly acidic soil and will be found in semi-shaded spots such as woodland edges and hedge rows.	



**Wildflower A-Z**

Common Name	Latin Name( <i>italics</i> )	A/P *	Colour/Description	Height	Flowering Time	Preferred Conditions	Additional Information
Wood Sage	<i>Teucrium scorodonia</i>	P	Another member of the dead-nettle family this plant has a Green/yellow flower with purple anthers.	Up to 50cm	July-Sept	Prefers well-drained, slightly acidic base soil and will be found in heaths, woodland and hedgerows.	
Woolly Thistle	<i>Cirsium eriophorum</i>	P	The tallest of the thistle this plant has a reddish/purple flower backed by a globular head and overfed in woolly hairs.	Up to 150cm	July-Sept	Prefers limestone/chalky clay rich soil and will be found on dry ground in ungrazed land such as woodland and quarry sites.	
Yarrow	<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	P	This famous wildflower has a bright white flower made up of a cluster of small white petals. This plant is known for being an aromatic herb.	30-45cm	June Onwards	This plant can be found in rough unmanaged grassland and will survive in light shade in such areas as hedgerows.	
Yellow Horned-poppy	<i>Glaucium flavum</i>	P	A large yellow flower with yellow anthers and grey leaves. This plant will mainly be found by the sea.	15-30cm	June-Sept	Prefers to grown on shingle and stony ground in places such as beaches and cliffs.	
Yellow Iris	<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>	P	Formed of many bright yellow hanging petals and green/yellow leaves, this plant will stand on water.	Up to 90cm	June-Aug	This plant likes very wet soils and will be found on lakes and ponds, but may also be seen in woods and fens.	
Yellow Loosestrife	<i>Lysimachia vulgaris</i>	P	It has a bright yellow flower with pale spots and broad lanceolate leaves which are also spotted.	Up to 150cm	July-Aug	It prefers very wet ground and rich soils, found on the edges of streams and rivers, and in marches and fens.	
Yellow Rattle	<i>Rhinanthus minor</i>	A	This plant has a double lipped flower which is yellow with purple teeth, behind the flower are large sepals.	20-50cm	June-Sept	This plant likes moderate to low fertile grassland, it will be found in areas lightly grazed and dry areas within fens.	

